AMENDMENT IN THE NATURE OF A SUBSTITUTE TO H.R. 2795

OFFERED BY MR. SMITH OF TEXAS

Strike all after the enacting clause and insert the following:

1 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE; TABLE OF CONTENTS.

- 2 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as
- 3 the "Patent Reform Act of 2005".
- 4 (b) Table of Contents of
- 5 this Act is as follows:
 - Sec. 1. Short title; table of contents.
 - Sec. 2. Reference to title 35, United States Code.
 - Sec. 3. Right of the first inventor to file.
 - Sec. 4. Right to a patent.
 - Sec. 5. Duty of candor.
 - Sec. 6. Right of the inventor to obtain damages.
 - Sec. 7. Post-grant procedures and other quality enhancements.
 - Sec. 8. Submissions by third parties.
 - Sec. 9. Venue.
 - Sec. 10. Applicability; transitional provisions.

6 SEC. 2. REFERENCE TO TITLE 35, UNITED STATES CODE.

- Whenever in this Act a section or other provision is
- 8 amended or repealed, that amendment or repeal shall be
- 9 considered to be made to that section or other provision
- 10 of title 35, United States Code.

11 SEC. 3. RIGHT OF THE FIRST INVENTOR TO FILE.

- 12 (a) Definitions.—Section 100 is amended by add-
- 13 ing at the end the following:



1	"(f) The term 'inventor' means the individual or, if
2	a joint invention, the individuals collectively who invented
3	or discovered the subject matter of the invention.
4	"(g) The terms 'joint inventor' and 'coinventor' mean
5	any one of the individuals who invented or discovered the
6	subject matter of a joint invention.
7	"(h) The 'effective filing date' of a claimed invention
8	is—
9	"(1) the filing date of the patent or the applica-
10	tion for patent containing the claim to the invention
11	or
12	"(2) if the patent or application for patent is
13	entitled to a right of priority of any other applica-
14	tion under section 119, 365(a), or 365(b) or to the
15	benefit of an earlier filing date in the United States
16	under section 120, 121, or 365(c), the filing date of
17	the earliest such application in which the claimed in-
18	vention is disclosed in the manner provided by the
19	first paragraph of section 112 of this title.
20	"(i) The term 'claimed invention' means the subject
21	matter defined by a claim in a patent or an application
22	for a patent.".
23	(b) Conditions for Patentability.—

(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 102 is amended to



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read as follows:

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1 "§ 102. Conditions for patentability; novelty

2	"(a) Novelty; Prior Art.—A patent for a claimed
3	invention may not be obtained if—

4 "(1) the claimed invention was patented, de-5 scribed in a printed publication, or otherwise pub-6 liely known—

7 "(A) more than one year before the effec-8 tive filing date of the claimed invention; or

> "(B) one year or less before the effective filing date of the claimed invention, if the invention was patented or described in a printed publication or otherwise publicly known before the invention thereof by the applicant for a patent; or

"(2) the claimed invention was described in a patent issued under section 151, or in an application for patent published or deemed published under section 122(b), in which the patent or application, as the case may be, names another inventor and was effectively filed before the effective filing date of the claimed invention.

"(b) Limitation on Prior Art.—

"(1) Derivation and common assignment exceptions.—Subject matter that would otherwise qualify as prior art only under subsection (a)(2) shall not be prior art to a claimed invention if—



1	"(A) the subject matter was obtained di-
2	rectly or indirectly from the inventor or a joint
3	inventor; or
4	"(B) the subject matter and the claimed
5	invention were, not later than the effective fil-
6	ing date of the claimed invention, owned by the
7	same person or subject to an obligation of as
8	signment to the same person.
9	"(2) Reasonable and effective accessi-
10	BILITY REQUIREMENT.—
11	"(A) IN GENERAL.—Subject matter is pub-
12	licly known for the purposes of subsection
13	(a)(1) only when—
14	"(i) it becomes reasonably and effec-
15	tively accessible through its use, sale, or
16	disclosure by other means; or
17	"(ii) it is embodied in or otherwise in-
18	herent in subject matter that has become
19	reasonably and effectively accessible.
20	"(B) Reasonable and effective ac-
21	CESSIBILITY.—For purposes of subparagraph
22	(A)—
23	"(i) subject matter is reasonably ac
24	cessible if persons of ordinary skill in the
25	art to which the subject matter pertains



1	are able to gain access to the subject mat-
2	ter by without resort to undue efforts; and
3	"(ii) subject matter is effectively ac-
4	cessible if persons of ordinary skill in the
5	art to which the subject matter pertains
6	are able to comprehend the content of the
7	subject matter without resort to undue ef-
8	forts.
9	"(3) Patents and published applications
10	EFFECTIVELY FILED.—A patent or application for
11	patent is effectively filed under subsection (a)(2)
12	with respect to any subject matter described in the
13	patent or application—
14	"(A) as of the filing date of the patent or
15	the application for patent; or
16	"(B) if the patent or application for patent
17	is entitled to claim a right of priority under sec-
18	tion 119, 365(a), or 365(b) or to claim the ben-
19	efit of an earlier filing date under section 120,
20	121, or 365(c), based upon one or more prior
21	filed applications for patent, as of the filing
22	date of the earliest such application that de-

scribes the subject matter.".



1	(2) Conforming amendment.—The item re-
2	lating to section 102 in the table of sections for
3	chapter 10 is amended to read as follows:
	"102. Conditions for patentability; novelty.".
4	(c) Conditions for Patentability; Non-Obvious
5	Subject Matter.—Section 103 is amended—
6	(1) in subsection (a)—
7	(A) by striking "A patent may not be ob-
8	tained through the invention" and inserting "A
9	patent for a claimed invention may not be ob-
10	tained through the claimed invention";
11	(B) by striking "at the time the invention
12	was made" and inserting "before the effective
13	filing date of the claimed invention"; and
14	(C) by striking "sought to be patented"
15	and inserting "of the claimed invention";
16	(2) by striking subsection (b) and redesignating
17	subsection (c) as subsection (b);
18	(3) by amending subsection (b)(1), as so redes-
19	ignated, to read as follows:
20	"(b)(1) Subject matter developed by another person,
21	which is disqualified as prior art under section 102(b),
22	shall not preclude patentability under this section if the
23	subject matter and the claimed invention were owned by
	the same person, or subject to an obligation of assignment



- to the same person, on or before the effective filing date of the claimed invention. "; and 3 (4) in subsection (b)(2)(A), as so redesignated, 4 by striking "the date the claimed invention was made" and inserting "the effective filing date of the 5 6 claimed invention". 7 (d) Repeal of Requirements for Inventions 8 MADE ABROAD.—Section 104, and the item relating to that section in the table of sections for chapter 10, are 10 repealed. 11 (e) Repeal of Statutory Invention Registra-12 TION.— 13 (1) IN GENERAL.—Section 157, and the item 14 relating to that section in the table of sections for 15 chapter 14, are repealed. 16 (2) Removal of cross references.—Section 17 111(b)(8) is amended by striking "sections 115, 18 131, 135, and 157" and inserting "sections 131 and 19 135". 20 (f) Earlier Filing Date for Inventor and 21 Joint Inventor.—Section 120 is amended by striking 22 "which is filed by an inventor or inventors named" and
- 24 (g) Conforming Amendments.—

inserting "which names an inventor or joint inventor".

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1	(1) Right of Priority.—Section 172 is
2	amended by striking "and the time specified in sec-
3	tion 102(d)".
4	(2) Limitation on remedies.—Section
5	287(c)(4) is amended by striking "the earliest effec-
6	tive filing date of which is prior to" and inserting
7	"which has an effective filing date before".
8	(3) International application desig-
9	NATING THE UNITED STATES: EFFECT.—Section
10	363 is amended by striking "except as otherwise
11	provided in section 102(e) of this title".
12	(4) Publication of international applica-
13	TION: EFFECT.—Section 374 is amended by striking
14	"sections 102(e) and 154(d)" and inserting "section
15	154(d)".
16	(5) Patent issued on international appli-
17	CATION: EFFECT.—The second sentence of section
18	375(a) is amended by striking "Subject to section
19	102(e) of this title, such" and inserting "Such".
20	(6) Limit on right of priority.—Section
21	119(a) is amended by striking "; but no patent shall
22	be granted" and all that follows through "one year
23	prior to such filing".

(7) Inventions made with federal assist-

ANCE.—Section 202(c) is amended—



1	(A) in paragraph (2)—
2	(i) by striking "publication, on sale,
3	or public use," and all that follows through
4	"obtained in the United States" and in-
5	serting "the 1-year period referred to in
6	section 102(a) would end before the end of
7	such 2-year period"; and
8	(ii) by striking "the statutory" and
9	inserting "the 1-year"; and
10	(B) in paragraph (3), by striking "any
11	statutory bar date that may occur under this
12	title due to publication, on sale, or public use"
13	and inserting "the expiration of the 1-year pe-
14	riod referred to in section 102(a)".
15	(h) Repeal of Interfering Patent Remedies.—
16	Section 291, and the item relating to that section in the
17	table of sections for chapter 29, are repealed.
18	(i) Inventor's Rights Contests.—Section 135(a)
19	is amended to read as follows:
20	"(a) Dispute Over Right to Patent.—
21	"(1) Institution of inventor's rights con-
22	TEST.—Whenever patents or applications for patent
23	naming different individuals as the inventor are
24	deemed by the Director to interfere because of a dis-

pute over the right to patent under section 101, the



1	Director shall institute an inventor's rights contest
2	for the purpose of determining the right to patent.
3	"(2) Determination by board of patent
4	APPEALS.—The Board of Patent Appeals—
5	"(A) shall determine the question of the
6	right to patent;
7	"(B) in appropriate circumstances, may
8	correct the naming of the inventor in any appli-
9	cation or patent at issue; and
10	"(C) shall issue a final decision on the
11	right to patent.
12	"(3) Effect of final decision.—The final
13	decision of the Board of Patent Appeals under para-
14	graph (2), if adverse to the claim of an applicant,
15	shall constitute the final refusal by the Patent and
16	Trademark Office on the claims involved. The Direc-
17	tor may issue a patent to an applicant who is ad-
18	judged to have the right to patent. The final decision
19	of the Board, if adverse to a patentee, shall, if no
20	appeal or other review of the decision has been or
21	can be taken or had, constitute cancellation of the
22	claims involved in the patent, and notice of such
23	cancellation shall be endorsed on copies of the patent
24	distributed after such cancellation by the Patent and
25	Trademark Office.".



1	(j) Board of Patent Appeals.—
2	(1) Elimination of references to inter-
3	FERENCES.—(A) Sections 6, 41, 134, 141, 145,
4	146, 154, 305, and 314 are each amended by strik-
5	ing "Board of Patent Appeals and Interferences"
6	each place it appears and inserting "Board of Pat-
7	ent Appeals''.
8	(B) Sections 135, 141, 146, and 154 are each
9	amended by striking "interference" each place it ap-
10	pears and inserting "inventor's rights contest".
11	(C) The section heading for section 6 is amend-
12	ed to read as follows:
13	"§ 6. Board of Patent Appeals".
14	(D) The section heading for section 134 is
15	amended to read as follows:
16	"§ 134. Appeal to the Board of Patent Appeals".
17	(E) The section heading for section 135 is
18	amended to read as follows:
19	"§ 135. Inventor's rights contests".
20	(F) The section heading for section 146 is
21	amended to read as follows:
22	"§ 146. Civil action in case of inventor's rights con-
23	test".
24	(G) Section 154(b)(1)(C) is amended by strik-
25	ing "interferences" and inserting "inventor's rights



contests".(H) The item relating to section 6 in the
table of sections for chapter 1 is amended to read
as follows:
"6. Board of Patent Appeals.".
(I) The items relating to sections 134 and 135
in the table of sections for chapter 12 are amended
to read as follows:
"134. Appeal to the Board of Patent Appeals. "135. Inventor's rights contests.".
(J) The item relating to section 146 in the
table of sections for chapter 13 is amended to read
as follows:
"146. Civil action in case of inventor's rights contest.".
(2) Technical and conforming amend-
MENTS.—Section 135(c) is amended—
(A) by striking "(c) Any" and inserting
"(c)(1) Any";
(B) in the second paragraph, by striking
"The Director" and inserting "(2) The Direc-
tor''; and
(C) in the third paragraph, by striking
"Any discretionary" and inserting "(3) Any dis-
cretionary".
SEC. 4. RIGHT TO A PATENT.
(a) Right to Patent.—



1	(1) In general.—Section 101 is amended to
2	read as follows:
3	"§ 101. Right to patent; subject matter eligible for
4	patenting
5	"The inventor of any new and useful process, ma-
6	chine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new
7	and useful improvement thereof, has the right to apply
8	for and to obtain a patent therefor, subject to the condi-
9	tions and requirements of this title.".
10	(2) Conforming amendment.—The item re-
11	lating to section 101 in the table of sections for
12	chapter 10 is amended to read as follows:
	"101. Right to patent; subject matter eligible for patenting.".
13	(b) Inventor's Oath or Declaration.—
14	(1) In general.—Section 115 is amended to
15	read as follows:
16	"§ 115. Inventor's oath or declaration
17	"(a) Naming the Inventor; Inventor's Oath or
18	Declaration.—An application for patent that is filed
19	under section 111(a), that commences the national stage
20	under section 363, or that is filed by an inventor for an
21	invention for which an application has previously been
22	filed under this title by that inventor shall include, or be
23	amended to include, the name of the inventor of any
24	claimed invention in the application. Except as otherwise

25 provided in this section, an individual who is the inventor



1	or a joint inventor of a claimed invention in an application
2	for patent shall execute an oath or declaration in connec-
3	tion with the application.
4	"(b) Required Statements.—An oath or declara-
5	tion under subsection (a) shall contain statements that—
6	"(1) the application was made or was author-
7	ized to be made by the affiant or declarant; and
8	"(2) such individual believes himself or herself
9	to be the original inventor or an original joint inven-
10	tor of a claimed invention in the application.
11	"(c) Additional Requirements.—The Director
12	may specify additional information relating to the inventor
13	and the invention that must be included in an oath or dec-
14	laration under subsection (a).
15	"(d) Substitute Statement.—
16	"(1) IN GENERAL.—In lieu of executing an oath
17	or declaration under subsection (a), the applicant for
18	patent may provide a substitute statement under the
19	circumstances described in paragraph (2) and such
20	additional circumstances that the Director may
21	specify by regulation.
22	"(2) Permitted circumstances.—A sub-
23	stitute statement under paragraph (1) shall be per-
24	mitted with respect to any individual who, at the

time the substitute statement is filed—



1	"(A) is deceased;
2	"(B) is under legal incapacity;
3	"(C) is under an obligation to assign the
4	invention but has refused to make the oath or
5	declaration required under subsection (a); or
6	"(D) cannot be found or reached after dili-
7	gent effort.
8	"(3) Contents.—A substitute statement under
9	this subsection shall—
10	"(A) identify the individual with respect to
11	whom the statement applies;
12	"(B) set forth the circumstances rep-
13	resenting the permitted basis for the filing of
14	the substitute statement in lieu of the oath or
15	declaration under subsection (a); and
16	"(C) contain any additional information
17	including any showing, required by the Direc-
18	tor.
19	"(e) Making Required Statements in Assign-
20	MENT OF RECORD.—An individual who is under an obliga-
21	tion of assignment of an application for patent may in-
22	clude the required statements under subsections (b) and
23	(c) in the assignment executed by the individual, in lieu
24	of filing such statements separately.



1	"(f) Time for Filing.—A notice of allowance under
2	section 151 may be provided to an applicant for patent
3	only if the applicant for patent has filed each required
4	oath or declaration under subsection (a) or, in lieu thereof
5	has filed a substitute statement under subsection (d) or
6	recorded an assignment meeting the requirements of sub-
7	section (e).
8	"(g) Earlier-Filed Application Containing Re-
9	QUIRED STATEMENTS OR SUBSTITUTE STATEMENT.—
10	The requirements under this section shall not apply to an
11	individual with respect to an application for patent in
12	which the individual is named as the inventor or a joint
13	inventor and that claims the benefit under section 120 or
14	365(c) of the filing of an earlier-filed application, if—
15	"(1) an oath or declaration meeting the require-
16	ments of subsection (a) was executed by the indi-
17	vidual and was filed in connection with the earlier-
18	filed application;
19	"(2) a substitute statement meeting the re-
20	quirements of subsection (d) was filed in the earlier-
21	filed application with respect to the individual; or
22	"(3) an assignment meeting the requirements
23	of subsection (e) was executed with respect to the

earlier-filed application by the individual and was re-



1	corded in connection with the earlier-filed applica-
2	tion.
3	"(h) Supplemental and Corrected State-
4	MENTS; FILING ADDITIONAL STATEMENTS.—
5	"(1) In general.—A statement made under
6	this section may be withdrawn, replaced, or other-
7	wise corrected at any time. If a change is made in
8	the naming of the inventor requiring the filing of
9	one or more additional statements under this sec-
10	tion, the Director shall establish regulations under
11	which such additional statements may be filed.
12	"(2) Supplemental statements not re-
13	QUIRED.—If an individual has executed an oath or
14	declaration under subsection (a) or an assignment
15	meeting the requirements of subsection (e) with re-
16	spect to an application for patent, no supplemental
17	oath or declaration or further substitute statement
18	shall thereafter be required in connection with the
19	application for patent or any patent issuing thereon.
20	"(3) SAVINGS CLAUSE.—No patent shall be in-
21	valid or unenforceable based upon the failure to
22	comply with a requirement under this section if the
23	failure is remedied as provided under paragraph (1).



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1	(2) Relationship to divisional applica-
2	Tions.—Section 121 is amended by striking "If a
3	divisional application" and all that follows through
4	"inventor.".
5	(3) Conforming amendment.—The item re-
6	lating to section 115 in the table of sections for
7	chapter 10 is amended to read as follows:
	"115. Inventor's oath or declaration.".
8	(c) FILING BY OTHER THAN INVENTOR.—Section
9	118 is amended to read as follows:
10	"§ 118. Filing by other than inventor
11	"A person to whom the inventor has assigned or is
12	under an obligation to assign the invention may make an



1 application for patent. A person who otherwise shows sufficient proprietary interest in the matter may make an application for patent on behalf of and as agent for the in-16 ventor on proof of the pertinent facts and a showing that 17 such action is appropriate to preserve the rights of the 18 parties. If the Director grants a patent on an application 19 filed under this section by a person other than the inven-20 tor, the patent shall be granted to the real party in inter-21 est and upon such notice to the inventor as the Director

- 23 (d) Specification.—Section 112 is amended—
- 24 (1) in the first paragraph—

considers to be sufficient.".

1	(A) by striking "The specification" and in-
2	serting "(a) In General.—The specification";
3	and
4	(B) by striking ", and shall set forth the
5	best mode contemplated by the inventor of car-
6	rying out his invention";
7	(2) in the second paragraph—
8	(A) by striking "The specifications" and
9	inserting "(b) Conclusion.—The specifica-
10	tion"; and
11	,
	(B) by striking "applicant regards as his
12	invention" and inserting "inventor or a joint in-
13	ventor regards as the invention";
14	(3) in the third paragraph, by striking "A
15	claim" and inserting "(c) FORM.—A claim";
16	(4) in the fourth paragraph, by striking "Sub-
17	ject to the following paragraph," and inserting "(d)
18	Reference in Dependent Forms.—Subject to
19	subsection (e),";
20	(5) in the fifth paragraph, by striking "A
21	claim" and inserting "(e) Reference in Multiple
22	Dependent Form.—A claim"; and
23	(6) in the last paragraph, by striking "An ele-
24	ment" and inserting "(f) ELEMENT IN CLAIM FOR
25	A COMBINATION.—An element".



1 SEC. 5. DUTY OF CANDOR.

- 2 (a) In General.—Chapter 12 of title 35, United
- 3 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the fol-
- 4 lowing:
- 5 "§ 136. Duty of candor: patents and applications for
- 6 patent
- 7 "(a) Duty.—The Director shall by regulation impose
- 8 a duty of candor and good faith on individuals associated
- 9 with the filing and prosecution of an application for patent
- 10 and on individuals assisting a patent owner in proceedings
- 11 before the Office involving a patent. The duty shall require
- 12 each such individual to timely disclose information known
- 13 to that individual to be material to any issue before the
- 14 Office in connection with the application or patent, and
- 15 to not materially misrepresent information. The duty may
- 16 further address the types of information for which disclo-
- 17 sure is required and the standards upon which a finding
- 18 of misrepresentation or concealment on the part of such
- 19 individuals could be based. Any allegation of any type of
- 20 violation of the duty of candor and good faith under this
- 21 subsection shall be governed exclusively by this chapter.
- 22 "(b) MISCONDUCT DEFINED.—An individual has en-
- 23 gaged in misconduct under this section only if, by clear
- 24 and convincing evidence, findings are made that—



1	"(1) the individual knowingly failed to disclose
2	information or knowingly misrepresented informa-
3	tion;
4	"(2) the information not disclosed was material
5	or, in the case of a misrepresentation, the misrepre-
6	sentation was material;
7	"(3) the individual had knowledge of the mate-
8	riality of the information not disclosed or, in the
9	case of a misrepresentation, had knowledge of the
10	materiality of the misrepresentation; and
11	"(4) the individual's intent was to deceive or
12	mislead.
13	"(c) Limits on the Adjudication of Misconduct
14	Issues.—
15	"(1) Fora precluded from misconduct de-
16	TERMINATIONS AND ADJUDICATIONS.—No court or
17	Federal department or agency other than the Office,
18	and no other Federal or State governmental entity,
19	may investigate or make a determination or an adju-
20	dication with respect to an alleged violation of the
21	duty of candor and good faith under subsection (a)
22	or with respect to an alleged fraud, inequitable con-
2223	or with respect to an alleged fraud, inequitable conduct, or other misconduct in any proceeding before



1 the filing or examination of an application for pat-2 ent, except as expressly permitted in this section. 3 "(2) AUTHORITY OF DIRECTOR.—Nothing in 4 this subsection shall limit the authority of the Direc-5 tor to enforce regulations concerning pending appli-6 cations for patent or proceedings before the Office 7 involving a patent, including regulations relating to 8 misconduct. 9 "(3) Limitation on defenses to enforce-10 MENT OF PATENT.— No defense of invalidity of a 11 patent or other defense to the enforcement of a pat-12 ent may be based in whole or in part upon a viola-13 tion of the duty of candor and good faith under sub-14 section (a) or on any fraud, inequitable conduct, or 15 other misconduct, except as expressly permitted in 16 this section. 17 "(4) Referral by court.—In any matter be-18 fore a court involving an issue of validity or infringe-19 ment of a patent, if the court determines that an 20 issue of possible misconduct under subsection (b) ex-21 ists, the court shall refer the matter to the Office for 22 investigation under this section. If such referral is 23 made, the matter shall be resolved as provided in 24 this section.

"(d) Unenforceability Action.—



1	"(1) IN GENERAL.—A patent may be held un-
2	enforceable if a court determines, pursuant to a
3	pleading permitted under paragraph (2), that—
4	"(A) misconduct under subsection (b) has
5	occurred and constitutes fraud by reason of re-
6	liance by the Office on the misconduct which
7	has resulted in the issuance of, or a certificate
8	affirming patentability of, one or more invalid
9	claims in a patent; and
10	"(B) the fraud is attributable to the patent
11	owner.
12	"(2) Required motion to plead unen-
13	FORCEABILITY.—The defense of unenforceability de-
14	scribed in paragraph (1) may be pled in an action
15	before a court only upon a motion to amend the
16	pleadings in the action. The court shall not grant
17	the motion unless—
18	"(A) the validity of one or more claims in
19	the patent is at issue in the action;
20	"(B) the court has previously entered a
21	judgment in the action that a claim in the pat-
22	ent is invalid;
23	"(C) the motion to amend the pleadings is
24	brought by a party to the action adverse to the
25	patent owner within 3 months after a judgment



1	is entered by the court invalidating the claim;
2	and
3	"(D) the motion sets out with particularity
4	a substantial basis for findings that—
5	"(i) because of the reliance of the Of-
6	fice on the misconduct, fraud took place in
7	a proceeding before the Office involving the
8	patent or in connection with the filing or
9	examination of the application for patent,
10	and as a result at least 1 claim in the pat-
11	ent invalidated in the action was issued as
12	a result of the reliance on the misconduct;
13	and
14	"(ii) the alleged fraud is attributable
15	to the patent owner.
16	"(3) Required findings for unenforce-
17	ABILITY.—
18	"(A) Liability of patent owner.—In
19	determining the unenforceability of a patent, no
20	misconduct under subsection (b) by an indi-
21	vidual registered to practice before the Office
22	and acting in a representative capacity before
23	the Office in a proceeding before the Office in-
24	volving the patent or in connection with the fil-
25	ing or examination of the application for patent



1	shall be attributable to the patent owner unless
2	the patent owner, or another individual who—
3	"(i) is subject to the duty of candor
4	and good faith with respect to the patent,
5	"(ii) is not registered to practice be-
6	fore the Office, and
7	"(iii) was acting on the patent owner's
8	behalf,
9	is determined to have violated the duty of can-
10	dor and good faith.
11	"(B) RELIANCE OF THE PATENT EXAM-
12	INER.—No misconduct may be determined to
13	constitute fraud sufficient to support a finding
14	that a patent is unenforceable without clear and
15	convincing evidence of reliance of the Office on
16	the alleged misconduct, resulting in the
17	issuance of a claim invalidated by the court be-
18	cause a competent patent examiner either—
19	"(i) would not have issued the invali-
20	dated claim, acting reasonably, in the ab-
21	sence of the misconduct; or
22	"(ii) based upon the prosecution his-
23	tory as a whole objectively considered,
24	would have done so based upon in whole or
25	in part on account of the misconduct.



1	"(e) Referral to Office.—The Director shall es-
2	tablish a special office to receive referrals made under sub-
3	section (c)(4). The special office, following a referral and
4	after such investigation of the matter that the Director
5	determines is appropriate, shall report to the Director
6	whether probable cause exists to believe that an individual
7	subject to the duty under subsection (a) may have engaged
8	in misconduct under subsection (b). If such probable cause
9	exists, the Director shall—
10	"(1) take such action, if any, that the Director
11	determines is appropriate under section 32; and
12	"(2) if a violation of section 1001(a) of title 18
13	may have occurred, refer the matter to the Attorney
14	General for appropriate action.
15	"(f) Other Actions not Subject to Preemp-
16	TION.—
17	"(1) In general.—Nothing in this section
18	shall in any manner operate to—
19	"(A) prevent or otherwise obstruct a crimi-
20	nal investigation, or an investigation by the At-
21	torney General of any provision of the antitrust
22	laws, or preempt any enforcement action result-
23	ing therefrom;
24	"(B) limit the ability of the courts of any
25	State or the District of Columbia to investigate



1	and make determinations with respect to issues
2	of attorney malpractice and impose sanctions
3	on an attorney for malpractice; or
4	"(C) limit the ability of any entity before
5	which an individual is registered or otherwise
6	entitled to practice a profession to investigate
7	and sanction such individual based upon profes-
8	sional misconduct.
9	"(2) Definition.—For purposes of paragraph
10	(1), the term 'antitrust laws' has the meaning given
11	that term in the first section of the Clayton Act and
12	includes section 5 of the Federal Trade Commission
13	Act to the extent that section relates to unfair meth-
14	ods of competition.
15	"(g) Additional Remedies Available Based
16	Upon Prior Misconduct Adjudication.—
17	"(1) Further remedies.—If a final, non-
18	appealable adjudication of misconduct based upon a
19	pleading or an action permitted under this section
20	has been made, it may be used as a basis for pursuit
21	of further remedies under any Federal or State law,
22	including common law.
23	"(2) Exception.—Nothing in paragraph (1)
24	shall authorize any pleading or holding of unenforce-



1 ability of a patent that is not expressly permitted 2 under subsection (d). 3 "§ 137. Duty of candor: parties adverse to a patent or 4 application 5 "(a) Duty.—The Director shall prescribe by regulation a duty of candor and good faith applicable to individuals who are parties adverse to a patent or application 8 for patent in contested cases before the Office. The duty 9 shall apply to individuals associated with such a pro-10 ceeding on behalf of a party adverse to the patent or application. Each such individual shall timely disclose information known to that individual to be material to issues 12 raised or responded to by the adverse party on whose behalf the individual is involved and shall not materially mis-15 represent information. 16 "(b) MISCONDUCT.—Misconduct under this section 17 shall be defined with respect to individuals described in 18 subsection (a) in the same manner as that provided in sec-19 tion 136(b) with respect to individuals under that section. 20 The Director may conduct an investigation of possible

misconduct by an individual based upon a violation of the

duty described in subsection (a) in the manner provided

21

22

in section 136(e).".

1	(b) Table of Sections.—The table of sections for
2	chapter 12 is amended by adding at the end the following
3	new items:
	"136. Duty of candor: patents and applications for patent. "137. Duty of candor: parties adverse to a patent or application.".
4	(c) Removal of Deceptive Intent Restric-
5	TION.—
6	(1) Inventor.—
7	(A) In general.—The third paragraph of
8	section 116 is amended—
9	(i) by striking "Whenever" and insert-
10	ing "(c) Correction of Errors in Ap-
11	PLICATION.—Whenever"; and
12	(ii) by striking ", and such error
13	arose without any deceptive intention or
14	his part".
15	(B) Correction of Named Inventor.—
16	Section 256 is amended—
17	(i) in the first paragraph—
18	(I) by striking "Whenever" and
19	inserting "(a) Correction.—When-
20	ever''; and
21	(II) by striking "and such error
22	arose without any deceptive intention
23	on his part"; and



1	(ii) in the second paragraph, by strik-
2	ing "The error" and inserting "(b) PAT-
3	ENT VALID IF ERROR CORRECTED.—The
4	error".
5	(2) FILING.—
6	(A) FILING OF APPLICATION IN FOREIGN
7	COUNTRY.—The first paragraph of section 184
8	is amended—
9	(i) by striking "Except when" and in-
10	serting "(a) FILING IN FOREIGN COUN-
11	TRY.—Except when"; and
12	(ii) by striking "and without deceptive
13	intent".
14	(B) PATENT BARRED FOR FILING WITH-
15	OUT LICENSE.—Section 185 is amended by
16	striking "and without deceptive intent".
17	(3) Reissue of Defective Patents.—The
18	first paragraph of section 251 is amended—
19	(A) by striking "Whenever" and inserting
20	"(a) In General.—Whenever"; and
21	(B) by striking ", through error without
22	any deceptive intention,".
23	(4) DISCLAIMER.—The first paragraph of sec-
24	tion 253 is amended—



1	(A) by striking "Whenever" and inserting
2	"(a) In General.—Whenever"; and
3	(B) by striking ", without any deceptive
4	intention,".
5	(5) Action for infringement.—Section 288
6	is amended by striking ", without deceptive inten-
7	tion,".
8	(d) Jurisdiction Over Claims.—Section 281 is
9	amended by adding at the end the following: "The court
10	shall have jurisdiction to determine the validity of any
11	claim alleged to have been infringed, even if the allegation
12	of infringement is later withdrawn with respect to the
13	claim.".
14	(e) Misconduct Proceedings.—Section 32 is
15	amended by adding at the end the following: "A suit or
16	proceeding under this section may be brought if
17	commenced—
18	"(1) during the 5-year period beginning on the
19	date of the conduct at issue; or
20	"(2) if the conduct at issue relates to a patent
21	or to an application that issued as a patent, before
22	the date that is the later of—
23	"(A) the end of the statutory term of the
24	patent; or



1	"(B) the end of the 2-year period begin-
2	ning on the date on which the first judgment is
3	entered that the conduct at issue represented
4	misconduct under any provision of this title.".
5	(f) Technical Amendments.—(1) Section 116 is
6	amended—
7	(A) in the first paragraph, by striking "When"
8	and inserting "(a) Joint Inventions.—When";
9	and
10	(B) in the second paragraph, by striking "If a
11	joint inventor" and inserting "(b) Omitted Inven-
12	TOR.—If a joint inventor".
13	(2) Section 184 is amended—
14	(A) in the second paragraph, by striking "The
15	term" and inserting "(b) APPLICATION.—The
16	term"; and
17	(B) in the third paragraph, by striking "The
18	scope" and inserting "(c) Subsequent Modifica-
19	TIONS, AMENDMENTS, AND SUPPLEMENTS.—The
20	scope".
21	(3) Section 251 is amended—
22	(A) in the second paragraph, by striking "The
23	Director" and inserting "(b) Multiple Reissued
24	PATENTS.—The Director";



1	(B) in the third paragraph, by striking "The
2	provision" and inserting "(c) APPLICABILITY OF
3	This Title.—The provisions"; and
4	(C) in the last paragraph, by striking "No re-
5	issued patent" and inserting "(d) Reissue Patent
6	Enlarging Scope of Claims.—No reissued pat-
7	ent".
8	(4) Section 253 is amended in the second paragraph,
9	by striking "in like manner" and inserting "(b) Addi-
10	TIONAL DISCLAIMER OR DEDICATION.—In the manner set
11	forth in subsection (a),".
12	SEC. 6. RIGHT OF THE INVENTOR TO OBTAIN DAMAGES.
13	Section 284 is amended—
14	(1) in the first paragraph—
15	(A) by striking "Upon" and inserting "(a)
16	AWARD OF DAMAGES.—Upon"; and
17	(B) by adding at the end the following: "In
18	determining a reasonable royalty in the case of
19	a combination, the court shall consider, if rel-
20	evant and among other factors, the portion of
21	the realizable value that should be credited to
22	the inventive contribution as distinguished from
23	other features of the combination, the manufac-
24	turing process, business risks, or significant



1	features or improvements added by the in-
2	fringer.";
3	(2) by amending the second paragraph to read
4	as follows:
5	"(b) Willful Infringement.—
6	"(1) Increased damages.—A court that has
7	determined that the infringer has willfully infringed
8	a patent or patents may increase the damages up to
9	three times the amount of damages found or as-
10	sessed under subsection (a), except that increased
11	damages under this paragraph shall not apply to
12	provisional rights under section 154(d) of this title.
13	"(2) Permitted grounds for willful-
14	NESS.—A court may find that an infringer has will-
15	fully infringed a patent only if the patent owner pre-
16	sents clear and convincing evidence that—
17	"(A) after receiving written notice from
18	the patentee—
19	"(i) alleging acts of infringement in a
20	manner sufficient to give the infringer an
21	objectively reasonable apprehension of suit
22	on such patent, and
23	"(ii) identifying with particularity
24	each claim of the patent, each product or
25	process that the natent owner alleges in.



1	fringes the patent, and the relationship of
2	such product or process to such claim,
3	the infringer, after a reasonable opportunity to
4	investigate, thereafter performed one or more of
5	the alleged acts of infringement;
6	"(B) the infringer intentionally copied the
7	patented invention with knowledge that it was
8	patented; or
9	"(C) after having been found by a court to
10	have infringed that patent, the infringer en-
11	gaged in conduct that was not colorably dif-
12	ferent from the conduct previously found to
13	have infringed the patent, and which resulted in
14	a separate finding of infringement of the same
15	patent.
16	"(3) Limitations on Willfulness.—(A) A
17	court shall not find that an infringer has willfully in-
18	fringed a patent under paragraph (2) for any period
19	of time during which the infringer had an informed
20	good faith belief that the patent was invalid or unen-
21	forceable, or would not be infringed by the conduct
22	later shown to constitute infringement of the patent.
23	"(B) An informed good faith belief within the
24	meaning of subparagraph (A) may be established by

reasonable reliance on advice of counsel.



1	"(C) The decision of the infringer not to
2	present evidence of advice of counsel shall have no
3	relevance to a determination of willful infringement
4	under paragraph (2).
5	"(4) Limitation on pleading.—Before the
6	date on which a determination has been made that
7	the patent in suit is not invalid, is enforceable, and
8	has been infringed by the infringer, a patentee may
9	not plead, and a court may not determine, that an
10	infringer has willfully infringed the patent. The
11	court's determination of an infringer's willfulness
12	shall be made without a jury."; and
13	(3) in the third paragraph, by striking "The
14	court" and inserting "(c) Expert Testimony.—
15	The court".
16	SEC. 7. POST-GRANT PROCEDURES AND OTHER QUALITY
17	ENHANCEMENTS.
18	(a) Publication.—Section 122(b)(2) is amended—
19	(1) by striking subparagraph (B); and
20	(2) in subparagraph (A)—
21	(A) by striking "(A) An application" and
22	inserting "An application"; and
23	(B) by redesignating clauses (i) through
24	(iv) as subparagraphs (A) through (D), respec-
25	tively.



1	(b) Defense to Infringement Based on Ear-
2	LIER INVENTOR.—Section 273 of title 35, United States
3	Code, is amended—
4	(1) in subsection (a)—
5	(A) in paragraph (1)—
6	(i) by striking "of a method"; and
7	(ii) by striking "review period;" and
8	inserting "review period; and";
9	(B) in paragraph (2)(B), by striking the
10	semicolon at the end and inserting a period;
11	and
12	(C) by striking paragraphs (3) and (4);
13	(2) in subsection (b)—
14	(A) in paragraph (1)—
15	(i) by striking "for a method"; and
16	(ii) by striking "at least 1 year before
17	the effective filing date of such patent,
18	and" and all that follows through the pe-
19	riod and inserting "and commercially used,
20	or made substantial preparations for com-
21	mercial use of, the subject matter before
22	the effective filing date of the claimed in-
23	vention.";
24	(B) in paragraph (2)—



1	(i) by striking "The sale or other dis-
2	position of a useful end result produced by
3	a patented method" and inserting "The
4	sale or other disposition of subject matter
5	that qualifies for the defense set forth in
6	this section"; and
7	(ii) by striking "a defense under this
8	section with respect to that useful end re-
9	sult" and inserting "such defense"; and
10	(C) in paragraph (3)—
11	(i) by striking subparagraph (A); and
12	(ii) by redesignating subparagraphs
13	(B) and (C) as subparagraphs (A) and
14	(B), respectively;
15	(3) in paragraph (7), by striking "of the pat-
16	ent" and inserting "of the claimed invention"; and
17	(4) by amending the heading to read as follows:
18	"§ 273. Special defenses to and exemptions from in-
19	fringement".
20	(c) Table of Sections.—The item related to sec-
21	tion 273 in the table of sections for chapter 28 is amended
22	to read as follows:
	"273. Special defenses to and exemptions from infringement.".
23	(d) Reexamination.—Section 315(c) is amended by
24	striking "or could have raised".



- 1 (e) Effective Dates.—Notwithstanding any other
 2 provision of law, sections 311 through 318 of title 35,
 3 United States Code, as amended by this Act, shall apply
 4 to any patent that issues from an original application filed
 5 on any date.
 6 (f) Post-Grant Opposition Procedures.—
- 7 (1) In general.—Part III is amended by add-
- 8 ing at the end the following new chapter:

9 "CHAPTER 32—POST-GRANT OPPOSITION

- 10 **PROCEDURES**
 - "321. Right to oppose patent; opposition request.
 - "322. Real party in interest.
 - "323. Timing of opposition request.
 - "324. Limits on scope of validity issues raised.
 - "325. Institution of the opposition proceeding.
 - "326. Patent owner response.
 - "327. Amendment of claims.
 - "328. Discovery and sanctions.
 - "329. Supplemental submissions.
 - "330. Hearing and briefs.
 - "331. Written decision.
 - "332. Burden of proof and evidence.
 - "333. Reconsideration.
 - "334. Appeal.
 - "335. Certificate.
 - "336. Estoppel.
 - "337. Duration of opposition.
 - "338. Settlement.
 - "339. Intervening rights.
 - "340. Relationship with reexamination proceedings.

11 "§ 321. Right to oppose patent; opposition request

- 12 "(a) FILING OF OPPOSITION.—A person may request
- 13 that the grant or reissue of a patent be reconsidered by
- 14 the Office by filing an opposition seeking to cancel one
- 15 or more claims in the patent. The Director shall establish,



- 1 by regulation, fees to be paid by the opposer. Copies of
- 2 patents and printed publications to be relied upon in sup-
- 3 port of the request must be filed with the request. If an
- 4 opposer relies on other factual evidence or on expert opin-
- 5 ions in support of the opposition, such evidence and opin-
- 6 ions must be filed with the request through one or more
- 7 accompanying affidavits or declarations.
- 8 "(b) Copies Provided to Patent Owner.—Copies
- 9 of any documents filed under subsection (a) must be pro-
- 10 vided to the patent owner or, if applicable, the designated
- 11 representative of the patent owner, at the time of filing
- 12 under subsection (a), except that if a request is made
- 13 under section 322(b) that the identity of a real party in
- 14 interest be kept separate, then the identity of the real
- 15 party in interest may be redacted from the copies pro-
- 16 vided.
- 17 "(c) FILE AVAILABLE TO THE PUBLIC.—The file of
- 18 any opposition proceeding shall be made available to the
- 19 public except as provided in section 322.

20 "§ 322. Real party in interest

- 21 "(a) IDENTIFICATION.—The person making the re-
- 22 quest under section 321 shall identify in writing each real
- 23 party in interest, and the opposition shall proceed in the
- 24 name of the real party in interest.
- 25 "(b) IDENTITY KEPT SECRET UPON REQUEST.—



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"(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),
if requested by the opposer, the identity of a real
party in interest shall be kept separate from the file
of the opposition and made available only to Govern-
ment agencies upon written request, or to any per-
son upon a showing of good cause. If the identity of
a real party in interest is kept separate from the file
under this subsection, then the opposition shall pro-
ceed in the name of the individual filing the request
as representative of the real party in interest.

"(2) EXCEPTION.—No request under this paragraph (1) to keep the identity of a real party in interest separate from the file of the opposition may be made or maintained if the opposer relies upon factual evidence or expert opinions in the form of affidavits or declarations during the opposition proceeding or if the opposer becomes a party to an appeal under section 141.

19 "§ 323. Timing of opposition request

"An person may not make an opposition request under section 321 later than 9 months after the grant of the patent or issuance of a reissue patent, or, if the patent owner consents in writing, an opposition request may be filed at any time during the period of enforceability of the patent. A court having jurisdiction over an issue of validity



- of a patent may not require the patent owner to consent
 to such a request.
 "§ 324. Limits on scope of validity issues raised
 "An opposition request must identify with particu-
- 6 as to each claim, one or more questions of patentability

larity the claims that are alleged to be unpatentable and,

- o as to each elam, one of more questions of patentasmity
- 7 on which the opposition is based. The questions of patent-
- 8 ability that may be considered during the opposition pro-
- 9 ceeding are double patenting and any of the conditions
- 10 or requirements for patentability set forth in sections 101,
- 11 102, 103, 112, and 251(d).

12 "§ 325. Institution of the opposition proceeding; stay

- 13 upon timely filed suit
- 14 "(a) Determination on Opposition Request; In-
- 15 STITUTION OF OPPOSITION PROCEEDING.—
- 16 "(1) Determination by the director.—For 17 each opposition request submitted under section 18 321(a) with respect to a patent, the Director shall 19 determine if the written statement, and any evidence 20 submitted with the request, establish that a substan-21 tial question of patentability exists for at least one 22 claim in the patent. The Director shall notify the 23 patent owner and each opposer in writing of the Di-24 rector's findings, not later than the date in which an 25 opposition proceeding is instituted pursuant to the



1	request. Any determination made by the Director
2	under this paragraph shall not be appealable.
3	"(2) Institution.—If the Director makes a
4	determination under paragraph (1) that a substan-
5	tial question of patentability exists, the Director
6	shall commence an opposition proceeding. The Di-
7	rector shall institute such proceeding not earlier
8	than the date on which the 9-month period specified
9	in section 323 expires, and not later than the date
10	that is three months after such date. Absent a show-
11	ing of good cause, the opposition proceeding shall be
12	limited to review of the claim or claims and the sub-
13	stantial questions of patentability identified in the
14	opposition request.
15	"(3) Consolidated proceeding.—If an op-
16	position is instituted based upon more than one op-
17	position request, the opposition shall proceed as a
18	single consolidated proceeding, unless later divided
19	under subsection (c).
20	"(b) Parties.—The parties to the opposition pro-
21	ceeding shall be the patent owner and each opposer who
22	has filed a request that results in a determination under
23	subsection (a)(2) to institute the opposition proceeding.
24	"(c) Assignment to Panel.—The Director shall as-

25 sign the opposition proceeding to a panel of three adminis-



1	trative patent judges (in this chapter referred to as the
2	'panel'). The panel shall decide the questions of patent-
3	ability raised in the opposition request. The decision shall
4	be based upon the prosecution record that was the basis
5	for the grant or reissue of the patent and the additional
6	submissions by the parties to the opposition proceeding
7	authorized under this chapter. The panel may, in appro-
8	priate cases, divide the opposition into separate pro-
9	ceedings if the opposition involves multiple opposition re-
10	quests by different parties.
11	"(d) Relationship to Court Actions.—
12	"(1) STAY OF OPPOSITION.—The determination
13	by the Director under subsection $(a)(1)$ shall not be
14	made, and an opposition proceeding shall not be in-
15	stituted under subsection (a)(2), with respect to a
16	patent, until after an action alleging infringement of
17	the patent is finally concluded, if—
18	"(A) such a stay is requested by the patent
19	owner;
20	"(B) the infringement action is filed within
21	3 months after the grant of the patent;
22	"(C) the Director determines that the in-
23	fringement action is likely to address the same
24	or substantially the same questions of patent-



1	ability that would be addressed in the opposi-
2	tion proceeding; and
3	"(D) the Director determines that staying
4	the opposition proceeding would not be contrary
5	to the interests of justice.
6	"(2) Instituting opposition following
7	STAY.—Within 3 months after the date on which a
8	stay under paragraph (1) ends, the Director shall
9	determine whether a substantial question of patent-
10	ability that was set forth in the opposition request
11	continues to exist. The Director may institute an op-
12	position proceeding following a stay under paragraph
13	(1) only with respect to a substantial question of
14	patentability identified in an opposition request that
15	continues to exist because it was not decided by the
16	court in the infringement action.
17	"(3) No stay of concurrent court ac-
18	TION.—A court may not stay an action for
19	infringement—
20	"(A) pending a determination of whether
21	to institute an opposition proceeding; or
22	"(B) if an opposition proceeding is com-
23	menced under this chapter, during the pendency
24	of the opposition proceeding.



1 "(4) Effect of claim interpretation by a 2 COURT.—If a court has entered an order inter-3 preting a claim of a patent involved in an opposition 4 proceeding, the order has become final and non-5 appealable, and the patent owner disclaims any 6 broader interpretation of the claim, the patent owner 7 may elect to have the claim interpretation of the 8 court govern the opposition proceeding.

9 "§ 326. Patent owner response

10 "After the Director has instituted an opposition pro-11 ceeding under section 325 with respect to a patent, the 12 patent owner shall have the right to file, within a time 13 period set by the Director, a response to each opposition request that resulted in a determination under section 14 15 325(a)(2) to institute the opposition proceeding. The patent owner shall file with the response, through affidavits 16 17 or declarations, any additional factual evidence and expert 18 opinions on which the patent owner relies in support of 19 the response.

20 "§ 327. Amendment of claims

"The patent owner is entitled to request amendment of any claims that are the subject of an opposition proceeding under this chapter, including by the addition of new claims. Any such request for amendment shall be filed with the patent owner's response to the opposition pro-



- 1 ceeding. The panel may permit further requests for
- 2 amendment of the claims only upon good cause shown by
- 3 the patent owner. No amendment enlarging the scope of
- 4 the claims of the patent shall be permitted in the opposi-
- 5 tion proceeding.

6 "§ 328. Discovery and sanctions

- 7 "(a) Depositions.—After an opposition proceeding
- 8 under this chapter is instituted, the patent owner shall
- 9 have the right to depose each person submitting an affi-
- 10 davit or declaration on behalf of any opposer, and each
- 11 opposer shall have the right to depose each person submit-
- 12 ting an affidavit or declaration on behalf of the patent
- 13 owner. Such depositions shall be limited to cross-examina-
- 14 tion on matters relevant to the affidavit or declaration.
- 15 "(b) Additional Discovery.—No discovery other
- 16 than that provided for in subsection (a) shall be permitted
- 17 unless the panel determines that additional discovery is
- 18 required in the interest of justice.
- 19 "(c) SCHEDULE.—The panel shall determine the
- 20 schedule for the taking of discovery under subsections (a)
- 21 and (b).
- 22 "(d) Consequences for Failure to Respond
- 23 Properly.—If any party to an opposition proceeding
- 24 fails to properly respond to any discovery under subsection
- 25 (a) or (b), the panel may draw appropriate adverse infer-



- 1 ences and take other action permitted by statute, rule, or
- 2 regulation.

3 "§ 329. Supplemental submissions

- 4 "The panel may permit one or more supplemental
- 5 submissions to be made by any party to an opposition pro-
- 6 ceeding under this chapter, subject to the rights and limi-
- 7 tations on discovery under section 328.

8 "§ 330. Hearing and briefs

- 9 "A party to an opposition proceeding under this
- 10 chapter may request an oral hearing by the date set by
- 11 the panel. If a hearing is requested or the panel deter-
- 12 mines sua sponte that a hearing is warranted, the panel
- 13 shall set a time for the hearing. The panel may permit
- 14 the parties to file briefs for the hearing, and shall permit
- 15 cross-examination of all affiants and declarants in the
- 16 hearing, either before the panel or by deposition taken
- 17 under section 328.

18 "§ 331. Written decision

- 19 "The panel shall issue a written decision on each
- 20 issue of patentability with respect to each claim that is
- 21 the subject of an opposition proceeding under this chapter.
- 22 The written decision shall consist of findings of fact and
- 23 conclusions of law. The written decision shall become a
- 24 final determination of the Office on the questions raised
- 25 in the opposition unless a party to the opposition files a



- 1 request for reconsideration and modification of the written
- 2 decision within a period of time set by the panel. Such
- 3 time period shall not be less than two weeks after the date
- 4 of the written decision.

5 "§ 332. Burden of proof and evidence

- 6 "(a) BURDEN OF PROOF.—The opposer in an opposi-
- 7 tion proceeding under this chapter shall have the burden
- 8 to prove the invalidity of a claim by a preponderance of
- 9 the evidence. The determination of patentability shall be
- 10 based upon the broadest reasonable construction of the
- 11 claim.
- 12 "(b) EVIDENCE.—The Federal Rules of Evidence
- 13 shall apply to the opposition proceeding, except to the ex-
- 14 tent inconsistent with any provision of this chapter.

15 "§ 333. Reconsideration

- "If a request is filed for reconsideration of the written
- 17 decision in an opposition proceeding under this chapter,
- 18 the panel may authorize a party to the proceeding who
- 19 did not file such a request to file a response to the request
- 20 for reconsideration. Following any reconsideration, the
- 21 panel shall either deny the request for modification of the
- 22 written decision or grant the request and issue a modified
- 23 written decision, which shall constitute the final deter-
- 24 mination of the Office on the questions raised in the oppo-
- 25 sition proceeding.



1 **"§ 334. Appeal**

- 2 "A party dissatisfied with the final determination of
- 3 the panel in an opposition proceeding under this chapter
- 4 may appeal the determination under sections 141 through
- 5 144. Any party to the opposition proceeding shall have the
- 6 right to be a party to the appeal.

7 "§ 335. Certificate

- 8 "When a decision of a panel in an opposition pro-
- 9 ceeding under this chapter has become final under section
- 10 331, 333, or 334, the Director shall issue and publish a
- 11 certificate in accordance with the decision, canceling any
- 12 claim of the patent determined to be unpatentable, and
- 13 shall incorporate into the patent any new or amended
- 14 claims determined to be patentable. The issuance of the
- 15 certificate shall terminate the opposition proceeding.

16 **"§ 336. Estoppel**

- 17 "(a) ESTOPPEL.—
- "(1) IN GENERAL.—Subject to paragraph (2),
- after a certificate has been issued under section 335
- in accordance with the decision of the panel in an
- opposition proceeding, the determination with re-
- spect to a question of patentability raised by an op-
- poser shall bar the opposer from asserting, in any
- subsequent proceeding before the Office or a court
- 25 involving that opposer under this title, that any
- claim of that patent addressed in the opposition pro-



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1	ceeding is invalid on the basis of any issue of fact
2	or law actually decided by the panel and necessary
3	to the determination of that issue.

"(2) EXCEPTION.—If an opposer in an opposition proceeding demonstrates in a subsequent proceeding referred to in paragraph (1) that there is additional factual evidence that is material to an issue of fact actually decided and necessary to the final determination in the opposition proceeding, that could not reasonably have been discovered by that opposer, the opposer may raise, in that subsequent proceeding, that issue of fact and any determined issue of law for which the issue of fact was necessary.

15 "(b) EXPANDED DEFINITION OF OPPOSER.—For 16 purposes of this section, the term 'opposer' includes the 17 person making the request under section 321, any real 18 party in interest, and their successors in interest.

"(c) New Party in Interest.—If a proceeding arising by reason of additional factual evidence raised under subsection (a)(2) involves a real party in interest not identified to the patent owner under section 322, the real party in interest shall notify the Director and the patent owner of that fact and of the subsequent proceeding,



- 1 within 30 days after receiving notice that the subsequent
- 2 proceeding has been filed.

3 "§ 337. Duration of opposition

- 4 "The final determination of a panel described in sec-
- 5 tion 333 shall issue not later than one year after the date
- 6 on which the opposition proceeding is instituted under sec-
- 7 tion 325. Upon good cause shown, the Director may ex-
- 8 tend the 1-year period by not more than six months.

9 "§ 338. Settlement

- 10 "(a) In General.—An opposition proceeding under
- 11 this chapter shall be terminated with respect to any op-
- 12 poser upon the joint request of the opposer and the patent
- 13 owner, unless the panel has issued a written decision
- 14 under section 331 before the request for termination is
- 15 filed. If the opposition is terminated with respect to an
- 16 opposer under this section, no estoppel under section 336
- 17 shall apply to that opposer. If no opposer remains in the
- 18 proceeding, the panel may terminate the proceeding or
- 19 proceed in the absence of an opposer to issue a written
- 20 decision under section 331.
- 21 "(b) AGREEMENTS IN WRITING.—Any agreement or
- 22 understanding between the patent owner and an opposer,
- 23 including any collateral agreements referred to therein,
- 24 that is made in connection with or in contemplation of
- 25 the termination of an opposition proceeding, shall be in



- 1 writing. An opposition proceeding as between the parties
- 2 to the agreement or understanding shall not be terminated
- 3 until a true copy of the agreement or understanding, in-
- 4 cluding any such collateral agreements, has been filed in
- 5 the Office. If any party filing an agreement or under-
- 6 standing requests, the agreement or understanding shall
- 7 be kept separate from the file of the opposition, and shall
- 8 be made available only to Government agencies on written
- 9 request, or to any person on a showing of good cause.
- 10 "(c) Discretionary Actions Reviewable.—Any
- 11 discretionary action of the Director under subsection (b)
- 12 shall be reviewable under chapter 7 of title 5.

13 "§ 339. Intervening rights

- 14 "Any proposed amended or new claim determined to
- 15 be patentable and incorporated into a patent following an
- 16 opposition proceeding under this chapter shall have the
- 17 same effect as that specified in section 252 of this title
- 18 for reissued patents on the right of any person who made,
- 19 purchased, or used within the United States, or imported
- 20 into the United States, anything patented by such pro-
- 21 posed amended or new claim, or who made substantial
- 22 preparation therefor, before the certificate is issued under
- 23 section 335 with respect to that amended or new claim.



"§ 340. Relationship with reexamination proceedings

2 "A patent for which an opposition proceeding has 3 been instituted under this chapter may not thereafter be made the subject of a request under section 302 or 311 4 5 for reexamination by the same opposer or on behalf of the same real party in interest, on the same claim and on the 6 7 same issue that was the basis of the opposition proceeding. 8 An exparte reexamination request made by a person other 9 than the patent owner during the 9-month period specified 10 in section 323, or an inter parter reexamination request made during the 9-month period specified in section 323, 11 12 shall be treated as a request under section 321, and no 13 ex parte reexamination or inter partes reexamination may be ordered based on such request. A request for ex parte 15 reexamination or inter partes reexamination made after the 9-month period specified in section 323, and a request 17 for ex parte reexamination made by the patent owner at 18 any time, shall be stayed during the pendency of any oppo-19 sition proceeding under this chapter.". 20 (g) Conforming Amendment.—The table of chap-21 ters for part III is amended by adding at the end the fol-22 lowing: "32. Post-Grant Opposition Procedures 23 (h) Authority of Panels of Administrative PATENT JUDGES.—Section 6 is amended by adding at the



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the following:

1	"(c) Additional Responsibilities of Adminis-
2	TRATIVE PATENT JUDGES.—Panels of administrative pat-
3	ent judges, once assigned by the Director, shall have the
4	responsibilities under chapter 32 in connection with post-
5	grant opposition proceedings.".
6	SEC. 8. SUBMISSIONS BY THIRD PARTIES.
7	Section 122 is amended by adding at the end the fol-
8	lowing:
9	"(e) Preissuance Submissions by Third Par-
10	TIES.—
11	"(1) IN GENERAL.—Any person may submit for
12	consideration and inclusion in the record of a patent
13	application, any patent, published patent application
14	or other publication of potential relevance to the ex-
15	amination of the application, if such submission is
16	made in writing before the earlier of—
17	"(A) the date a notice of allowance under
18	section 151 is mailed in the application for pat-
19	ent; or
20	"(B) either—
21	"(i) six months after the date on
22	which the application for patent is pub-
23	lished under section 122, or
24	"(ii) the date of the first rejection
25	under section 132 of any claim by the ex-



1	aminer during the examination of the ap-
2	plication for patent,
3	whichever occurs later.
4	"(2) Other requirements.—Any submission
5	under paragraph (1) shall—
6	"(A) set forth a concise description of the
7	asserted relevance of each submitted document;
8	"(B) be accompanied by such fee as the
9	Director may prescribe; and
10	"(C) include a statement by the submitter
11	affirming that the submission was made in
12	compliance with this section.".
13	SEC. 9. VENUE.
14	(a) Venue Generally.—Section 1391(c) of title
15	28, United States Code, is amended by inserting "except
16	for section 1400(b)," after "this chapter".
17	(b) VENUE FOR PATENT CASES.—
18	(1) In General.—Section 1400 of title 28,
19	United States Code, is amended by striking sub-
20	section (b) and inserting the following:
21	"(b) Any civil action arising under any Act of Con-
22	gress relating to patents, other than an action for declara-
23	tory judgment or an action seeking review of a decision
24	of the Board of Patent Appeals under chapter 13 of title
25	35, may be brought only—



1	"(1) in the judicial district where the defendant
2	resides;
3	"(2) in the judicial district where the defendant
4	has committed acts of infringement and has a reg-
5	ular and established place of business; or
6	"(3) if the plaintiff is a not-for-profit edu-
7	cational institution that owned the rights of the pat-
8	ents in suit as of the effective filing date of those
9	patents, in any judicial district in which the defend-
10	ant is subject to personal jurisdiction at the time the
11	action is commenced.
12	"(c) Notwithstanding section 1391(c) of this title, for
13	purposes of venue under this section, a defendant that is
14	a corporation shall be deemed to reside in the judicial dis-
15	trict in which the corporation has its principal place of
16	business.".
17	(2) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The item relating
18	to section 1400 in the table of sections for chapter
19	87 of title 28, United States Code, is amended to
20	read as follows:
	"1400. Patents and copyrights, mask works, and designs.".

21 SEC. 10. APPLICABILITY; TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS.

22 (a) Section 3.—The amendments made by section 23 3 shall apply to applications for patent, and any patents 24 issued thereon, that contain a claim to a claimed invention 25 that has an effective filing date (as defined in section



- 1 100(h) of title 35, United States Code) that is one year
- 2 or more after the date of the enactment of this Act. With
- 3 respect to any patent or application for patent to which
- 4 the amendments made by section 3 apply, no claim in the
- 5 patent or in the application shall be entitled to an effective
- 6 filing date that is before the date of the enactment of this
- 7 Act.
- 8 (b) Sections 4 and 6.—The amendments made by
- 9 sections 4 and 6 shall take effect on the date of the enact-
- 10 ment of this Act, except that such amendments shall not
- 11 apply to any action brought in any court before such date
- 12 of the enactment.
- 13 (c) Section 5.—The amendments made by section
- 14 5 shall take effect on the date of the enactment of this
- 15 Act and shall apply to patents issued on or after such date
- 16 of enactment, except that, in any action brought on or
- 17 after the date of the enactment of this Act in any court
- 18 involving a patent issued before the date of the enactment
- 19 of this Act, the patent owner may consent to—
- 20 (1) the jurisdiction of the United States Patent
- and Trademark Office based on a referral by the
- court under section 136(c)(4) of title 35, United
- 23 States Code; and



1	(2) any penalty imposed by the Patent and
2	Trademark Office under section 136(e) of such title
3	pursuant to such referral.
4	(d) Section 7.—(1) The amendments made by sub-
5	section (a) of section 7 shall apply to applications for pat-
6	ent filed on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
7	(2) The amendments made by subsection (b) of sec-
8	tion 7 shall apply to patents issuing on applications filed
9	on or after the date of the enactment of this Act.
10	(3) The amendment made by subsection (c) of section
11	7, and the provisions of subsection (e) of section 7, shall
12	take effect on the date of the enactment of this Act.
13	(4) The amendments made by subsection (d) of sec-
14	tion 7shall apply to any request made under section 311
15	of title 35, United States Code, on or after the date of
16	the enactment of this Act.
17	(5) The amendments made by subsection (f) of sec-
18	tion 7 shall take effect on the date of the enactment of
19	this Act, except that—
20	(A) no request for institution of an opposition
21	proceeding under chapter 32 of title 35, United
22	States Code, may be made until—
23	(i) the end of the 1-year period beginning
24	on the date of the enactment of this Act; or



1	(ii) such later date that the Director may
2	establish through notice published in the Fed-
3	eral Register; and
4	(B) any such request may be made only with
5	respect to a patent to which the amendments made
6	by section 3 apply.
7	(e) Section 8.—The amendments made by section
8	8 shall take effect at the end of the 1-year period begin-
9	ning on the date of the enactment of this Act.
10	(f) Section 9.—The amendments made by section
11	9 shall apply to any action filed on or after the date of
12	the enactment of this Act.
13	(g) Determining Validity of Claims.—For the
14	purpose of determining the validity of a claim in any pat-
15	ent or the patentability of any claim in a nonprovisional
16	application for patent that is made before the effective
17	date of the amendments made by section 3, other than
18	in an action brought in a court before the date of the en-
19	actment of this Act—
20	(1) the provisions of subsections (c) and (d) of
21	section 102 of title 35, United States Code, shall be
22	deemed to be repealed;
23	(2) the provisions of section 102(f) of title 35,
24	United States Code, shall be deemed to be repealed
25	and replaced by the provisions of section 101 of title



1	35, United States Code, as amended by section 4(a)
2	of this Act, relating to the inventor's right to seek
3	and obtain a patent, except that a claim in a patent
4	that is otherwise valid shall not be invalidated by
5	reason of this paragraph; and
6	(3) the term "in public use or on sale" as used
7	in section 102(b) of title 35, United States Code,
8	shall be deemed to exclude the use, sale, or offer for
9	sale of any subject matter that had not become rea-
10	sonably and effectively accessible to persons of ordi-
11	nary skill in the art to which the subject matter per-
12	tains, as defined in the amendments made by section
13	3 of this Act.
14	(h) Effect of European Patent Convention
15	AND PATENT LAWS OF JAPAN.—Before the date, if ever,
16	that the Director of the United States Patent and Trade-
17	mark Office publishes a notice in the Official Gazette of
18	the Office declaring that both the European Patent Con-
19	vention and the patent laws of Japan afford inventors
20	seeking patents a 1-year period prior to the effective filing
21	date of a claimed invention during which disclosures made
22	by the inventor or by others who obtained the subject mat-
23	ter disclosed directly or indirectly from the inventor do not
24	constitute prior art, the term "effective filing date" as

25 used in section 102(a)(1)(A) of title 35, United States



- 1 Code, shall be construed by disregarding any right of pri-
- 2 ority under section 119 or 365 of title 35, United States
- 3 Code, except that provided under section 119(e) of title
- 4 35, United States Code.

